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1	CONCURRENT RESOLUTION URGING CONGRESS TO
2	REPEAL THE JONES ACT
3	2018 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Mark A. Wheatley
6	Senate Sponsor: Luz Escamilla
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This concurrent resolution of the Legislature and the Governor petitions the Congress
11	of the United States to repeal certain provisions of the Jones Act.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This resolution:
14	<ul> <li>recognizes that certain provisions of the Jones Act, United States Code, Title 46,</li> </ul>
15	Chapter 551, Coastwise Trade, an obscure, century-old law, no longer serve their
16	intended purpose of protecting and promoting the American shipping industry;
17	<ul> <li>recognizes that these provisions of the Jones Act have made it difficult for Puerto</li> </ul>
18	Rico, an American territory, to receive critical supplies in the aftermath of
19	Hurricane Maria;
20	<ul> <li>recognizes that these provisions of the Jones Act cost American jobs by</li> </ul>
21	encouraging residents in Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Hawaii to buy
22	foreign-made goods that are shipped on foreign flagged vessels, rather than goods
23	made in America; and
24	<ul> <li>petitions the Congress of the United States to repeal the provisions of the Jones Act</li> </ul>
25	relating to the transportation of merchandise between American ports, because they
26	no longer serve the purpose of advancing trade interests that are in the best interest



of the people of the United States of America.

H.C.R. 11 02-02-18 3:38 PM

28 Special Clauses:	
	None
	Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah, the Governor concurring therein:
	WHEREAS, United States Code, Title 46, Chapter 551, Coastwise Trade, commonly
	referred to as the Jones Act, is an obscure, century-old law;
	WHEREAS, the Jones Act contains provisions that require all goods ferried between
	U.S. ports to be carried on ships built, owned, and operated by Americans;
	WHEREAS, it is difficult to get critical supplies into Puerto Rico, an American
	territory in distress, in the aftermath of Hurricane Maria where supplies are urgently needed;
	WHEREAS, the Jones Act, when enacted, was designed to promote shipping by
	American-owned and operated vessels but has had the unintended consequence of making it
	twice as expensive to ship goods from the U.S. mainland to Puerto Rico as it is to ship from
	any other foreign port in the world;
	WHEREAS, the U.S. government has temporarily suspended the Jones Act in order to
	get supplies more quickly to Puerto Rico, where medicine, food, and other supplies are
	urgently needed for recovery efforts;
	WHEREAS, the waiver would only speed the delivery of fuel, food, medicine, clothing,
	and building supplies on a temporary basis;
	WHEREAS, the Jones Act costs American jobs by encouraging residents in Puerto
	Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Hawaii to buy foreign-made goods that are shipped on
	foreign flagged vessels, rather than goods made in America;
	WHEREAS, Puerto Rico receives most if its gasoline from Canada and Europe;
	WHEREAS, a 2010 study by the University of Puerto Rico determined that the Jones
	Act cost the island \$537 million per year; and
	WHEREAS, in 2012, the New York Federal Reserve Board determined that shipping a
	container from the eastern coast of the United States to Puerto Rico cost \$3,063, but shipping
	the same container on a foreign ship to the Dominican Republic cost only \$1,504:
	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah, the
	Governor concurring therein, hereby petitions the Congress of the United States to repeal the
	Jones Act because it no longer serves the purpose of advancing trade interests that are in the

02-02-18 3:38 PM H.C.R. 11

- best interest of the people of the United States of America.
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this resolution be sent to the Majority
- 61 Leader of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives,
- and members of Utah's congressional delegation.

**Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel**